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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/044,434	01/11/2002	Peter A. Warren	FM-169J	9313		
7	590 04/02/2003					
Iandiorio & Teska			EXAMINER			
260 Bear Hill F Waltham, MA		TRAN A, PHI DIEU N				
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			3637			
			DATE MAILED: 04/02/2003			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application	n No	Applicant(s)		<del></del>				
•	, ,								
Office Action Summany	10/044,43	4	WARREN, PETER	Α.	$IX_{-}$				
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit						
The MAIL ING DATE of this commission is a	Phi D A		3637						
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status									
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 J</u>	anuary 200	<u>)3</u> .							
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ Thi	s action is	non-final.							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims									
4) Claim(s) 22-71 is/are pending in the application	n.								
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.									
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.									
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>22-71</u> is/are rejected.									
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.									
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.									
Application Papers									
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.									
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.									
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.  If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.									
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.									
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120									
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).									
a) All b) Some * c) None of:									
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.									
Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No									
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).									
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.									
Attachment(s)									
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 7</li> </ol>			(PTO-413) Paper No( Patent Application (PTC		-·				

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## Double Patenting

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1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 22-70 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-12 of U.S. Patent No. 6321503 in view of Hedges (3818948).

Patent No. 6321503 shows all the claimed limitations except for the first tube being made of layers of material, an electrical conductor disposed in the tube, at least one transducer device located proximate a hinge area, a second tube disposed inside the first tube.

Hedges shows a second tube(24) disposed inside the first tube(22), a foldable structure made of layers of material (22, 24).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Patent No. 6321503 to show the first tube being made of layers of material, an electrical conductor disposed in the tube, at least one transducer device located proximate a hinge area, a second tube disposed inside the first tube because having a first tube made of layers of material or having a tube disposed inside the first tube would provide for a thick strong collapsible tubular structure as taught by Hedges, and having a transducer located proximate a

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hinge area and an electrical conductor disposed in the tube would enable the controlled folding and opening of the tubular structure.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claim 71 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miller (2905282) in view of Hedges (3818948).

Miller shows a collapsible structure having a plurality of joined members (11, 12, 13), a selected number of the members each having a tube, at least one predetermined hinge area (21) along the length of the tube, a plurality of opposing longitudinal strips (20) between slots in the hinge area.

Miller does not show the tube being made of layers of material and the strips being multiply.

Hedges shows a tube being made of layers of material.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Miller to show the tube being made of layers of material and the strips being multi-ply because the layers of material would provide for a thick strong collapsible tubular structure as taught by Hedges.

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#### Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 22-71 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The prior art shows different tubular structures.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Phi D A whose telephone number is 703-306-9136. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lanna Mai can be reached on 703-308-2486. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9326 for regular communications and 703-872-9327 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1113.

Phi Dieu Tran A March 28, 2003